State of New York Supreme Court, Appellate Division Third Judicial Department

Decided and Entered: October 4, 2018 526454

In the Matter of the Claim of JEFFREY A. NELSON,

Petitioner,

v

MEMORANDUM AND JUDGMENT

ANTHONY J. ANNUCCI, as Acting Commissioner of Corrections and Community Supervision, Respondent.

Calendar Date: August 6, 2018

Before: Garry, P.J., Egan Jr., Devine, Aarons and Pritzker, JJ.

Jeffrey A. Nelson, Romulus, petitioner pro se.

Barbara D. Underwood, Attorney General, Albany (Frank Brady of counsel), for respondent.

Proceeding pursuant to CPLR article 78 (transferred to this Court by order of the Supreme Court, entered in Albany County) to review two determinations of respondent finding petitioner guilty of violating certain prison disciplinary rules.

Petitioner commenced this CPLR article 78 proceeding to challenge two tier III prison disciplinary determinations. The first tier III determination, dated April 4, 2017, found petitioner guilty of violating various disciplinary rules stemming from an altercation with another inmate. The second

-2- 526454

tier III determination, dated April 21, 2017, found petitioner guilty of lewd conduct.

Initially, the Attorney General has advised this Court that that the April 4, 2017 determination has been administratively reversed and all references thereto have been expunged from petitioner's institutional record. As petitioner has received all the relief to which he is entitled with regard to that determination, that part of the petition, challenging said determination must be dismissed as moot (see Matter of Weems v Fischer, 75 AD3d 681, 682 [2010], appeal dismissed 15 NY3d 917 [2010]; Matter of Hernandez v Smith, 52 AD3d 1134, 1134 [2008]).

With regard to the April 21, 2017 determination, we are unpersuaded by petitioner's contention that the record fails to sufficiently establish that he knowingly, voluntarily and intelligently refused to attend the hearing. "[A]n inmate has a fundamental right to be present at a disciplinary hearing, unless 'he or she refuses to attend, or is excluded for reasons of institutional safety or correctional goals'" (Matter of Barnes v Prack, 109 AD3d 1028, 1029 [2013], quoting 7 NYCRR 254.6 [a] [2]). Here, the record reflects that the Hearing Officer personally informed petitioner that, if he refused to attend the hearing, the hearing would proceed in his absence and a penalty could be imposed in the event of a guilty determination. The record further reflects that, in response to the Hearing Officer's inquiry, petitioner indicated that he had no witnesses or evidence to present. The Hearing Officer executed a form, which was witnessed by a correction officer, documenting petitioner's refusal to attend the hearing or sign In view of the foregoing, petitioner's contention the form. that he was improperly denied the right to attend the hearing is without merit (see Matter of Douglas v_Bedard, 134 AD3d 1317, 1317 [2015]; Matter of Kalwasinski v Prack, 122 AD3d 990, 990-991 [2014]; compare Matter of Wilson v Annucci, 148 AD3d 1281. 1283 [2017]). To the extent that petitioner raises any procedural irregularities with regard to calling witnesses, such issue is unpreserved due to petitioner's failure to attend the hearing (see Matter of Kalwasinski v Prack, 122 AD3d at 991; Matter of McFadden v Dubray, 61 AD3d 1170, 1171 [2009]).

-3- 526454

Garry, P.J., Egan Jr., Devine, Aarons and Pritzker, JJ., concur.

ADJUDGED that the portion of the petition challenging the determination dated April 4, 2017 is dismissed, as moot, without costs.

ADJUDGED that the determination dated April 21, 2017 is confirmed, without costs, and petition dismissed to that extent.

ENTER:

Robert D. Mayberger

Clerk of the Court